DOUBLE OBJECT PRONOUNS

Often, direct and indirect object pronouns appear in the same sentence. There are a couple of rules that apply when using both in the same sentence.

EXAMPLE: Lola buys pizza for Roberto and Emilia.
What is bought? object and the pronoun to represent <i>pizza</i> would be <i>it.</i>
For whom is it bought? object and the pronoun to represent this would be <i>them</i> .
Now the sentence is: Lola buys it for them .
Before we change to Spanish there are TWO rules to learn.
RULE #1 - INDIRECT OBJECT PRONOUNS COME BEFORE DIRECT OBJECT PRONOUNS.
EXAMPLE - I give money to you (fam.) = Yo te lo doy.
RULE #2 – IF THE INDIRECT OBJECT PRONOUN IS IN THE 3rd PERSON (either le or les) IT MUST BE CHANGED TO <u>se</u> IF IT IS USED <u>WITH</u> THE DIRECT OBJECT PRONOUNS <i>lo</i> , <i>la</i> , <i>los</i> or <i>las</i> .
EXAMPLE - Lola buys it for them. = Lola se la compra.
Práctica - Los pronombres directos e indirectos Underline the verb(s), circle the direct object, draw a box around the indirect object.
1. I give a ring to my mother =
2. We tell the truth to you (fam.) =
3. The doctor gives the prescription to me. =
4. You (fam.) want to write the letter to them. =
4. You (fam.) want to write the letter to them. =5. I teach the verbs to the students. =